

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2024

with

Independent Auditors' Report

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors
Parker Homestead Metropolitan District
Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Parker Homestead Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

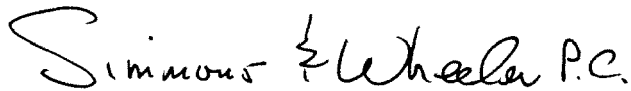
We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information listed in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Simmons & Wheeler P.C.".

Englewood, CO
July 29, 2025

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2024

	<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Net Position</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 34,450	\$ -	\$ 34,450	\$ -	\$ 34,450
Cash and investments - restricted	12,946	67,736	80,682	-	80,682
Receivable - County Treasurer	2,585	2,396	4,981	-	4,981
Property taxes receivable	228,253	513,642	741,895	-	741,895
Prepaid expenses	<u>3,605</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,605</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,605</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 281,839</u>	<u>\$ 583,774</u>	<u>\$ 865,613</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>865,613</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on refunding	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>346,545</u>	<u>346,545</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>346,545</u>	<u>346,545</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 281,839</u>	<u>\$ 583,774</u>	<u>\$ 865,613</u>		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 8,161	\$ -	\$ 8,161	-	8,161
Accrued interest - bonds	-	-	-	19,350	19,350
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	-	-	-	315,000	315,000
Due in more than one year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,852,819</u>	<u>7,852,819</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>8,161</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,161</u>	<u>8,187,169</u>	<u>8,195,330</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred property taxes	<u>228,253</u>	<u>513,642</u>	<u>741,895</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>741,895</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>228,253</u>	<u>513,642</u>	<u>741,895</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>741,895</u>
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION					
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepays	3,605	-	3,605	(3,605)	-
Restricted:					
Emergencies	12,946	-	12,946	(12,946)	-
Debt service	-	70,132	70,132	(70,132)	-
Unassigned	<u>28,874</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,874</u>	<u>(28,874)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>45,425</u>	<u>70,132</u>	<u>115,557</u>	<u>(115,557)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 281,839</u>	<u>\$ 583,774</u>	<u>\$ 865,613</u>		
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets				(7,821,274)	(7,821,274)
Restricted for:					
Emergencies				12,946	12,946
Debt service				70,132	70,132
Unrestricted				<u>13,129</u>	<u>13,129</u>
Total Net Position				<u>\$ (7,725,067)</u>	<u>\$ (7,725,067)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Accounting	\$ 19,677	\$ -	\$ 19,677	\$ -	\$ 19,677
Audit	5,500	-	5,500	-	5,500
Election expense	44	-	44	-	44
Insurance	3,803	-	3,803	-	3,803
Legal	25,304	-	25,304	-	25,304
Maintenance	11,732	-	11,732	-	11,732
Miscellaneous expenses	895	25	920	-	920
Website	114	-	114	-	114
Treasurer's fees	5,853	5,424	11,277	-	11,277
Loan principal	-	300,000	300,000	(300,000)	-
Interest expense	-	241,713	241,713	(11,571)	230,142
Repay developer advances	<u>339,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>339,000</u>	<u>(339,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>411,922</u>	<u>547,162</u>	<u>959,084</u>	<u>(650,571)</u>	<u>308,513</u>
GENERAL REVENUES					
Property taxes	394,214	356,926	751,140	-	751,140
Specific ownership taxes	28,845	26,735	55,580	-	55,580
Interest income	<u>8,482</u>	<u>16,121</u>	<u>24,603</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,603</u>
Total General Revenues	<u>431,541</u>	<u>399,782</u>	<u>831,323</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>831,323</u>
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	19,619	(147,380)	(127,761)	127,761	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				522,810	522,810
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>25,806</u>	<u>217,512</u>	<u>243,318</u>	<u>(8,491,195)</u>	<u>(8,247,877)</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 45,425</u>	<u>\$ 70,132</u>	<u>\$ 115,557</u>	<u>\$ (7,840,624)</u>	<u>\$ (7,725,067)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>Original</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>Final</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u> <u>Favorable</u> <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 394,214	\$ 394,214	\$ 394,214	\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	19,255	24,254	28,845	4,591
Interest income	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>8,482</u>	<u>3,482</u>
Total Revenues	<u>418,469</u>	<u>423,468</u>	<u>431,541</u>	<u>8,073</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting	19,000	19,000	19,677	(677)
Audit	5,050	5,050	5,500	(450)
Election expense	1,000	1,000	44	956
Insurance	4,100	4,100	3,803	297
Legal	23,000	23,000	25,304	(2,304)
Maintenance	-	14,000	11,732	2,268
Miscellaneous expenses	1,350	1,350	895	455
Treasurer's fees	5,776	5,776	5,853	(77)
Repay developer advances	339,000	339,000	339,000	-
Contingency	<u>20,000</u>	<u>20,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,000</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>418,276</u>	<u>432,276</u>	<u>411,922</u>	<u>20,354</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	193	(8,808)	19,619	28,427
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>22,197</u>	<u>25,806</u>	<u>25,806</u>	<u>-</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 22,390</u>	<u>\$ 16,998</u>	<u>\$ 45,425</u>	<u>\$ 28,427</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Parker Homestead Metropolitan District, located in Douglas County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on March 15, 2011, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to finance and construct certain public infrastructure improvements that benefit the citizens of the District. The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB Pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization’s elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government’s legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization’s governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District.

The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2024, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. No depreciation expense was recognized during 2024.

All capital assets were conveyed to other entities in prior years.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Original Issue Premium and Deferred Loss on Refunding

The original issue premium from the Series 2020 Loan is being amortized over the life of the loan using the effective interest method. The 2020 deferred loss on refunding is being amortized over the life of the Series 2020 Loan using the straight-line method. Accumulated amortization of the original issue premium and deferred loss on refunding amounted to \$159,048 and \$97,459, respectively, at December 31, 2024.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund represents prepaid expenditures.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$12,946 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$70,132 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2020 Loan (see Note 3).

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2024, cash is classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 34,450
Cash and Investments - Restricted	<u>80,682</u>
Total	<u>\$ 115,132</u>

Cash as of December 31, 2024, consists of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 29,020
Investments - COLOTRUST	<u>86,112</u>
	<u>\$ 115,132</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (“PDPA”) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The District does not have a formal policy for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Credit Risk

The District has adopted an investment policy by which it follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2024, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

As of December 31, 2024, the District invested in the Colorado Local Governmental Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"), a local governmental investment vehicle established for local governmental entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. COLOTRUST offers three investment options, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. As an investment pool, COLOTRUST operates under the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75-701) and is overseen by the Colorado Securities Commissioner. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value ("NAV") of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
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COLOTRUST PLUS+ records its investment at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST PLUS+ using the next asset value. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. The weighted average maturity is 60 days or less and is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor’s. At December 31, 2024, the District had \$86,112 invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+.

Note 3: Long Term Obligations

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the period ending December 31, 2024:

	Balance 1/1/2024	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2024	Current Portion
<u>Direct Placements:</u>					
Series 2020 Loan	\$ 7,625,000	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ 7,325,000	\$ 315,000
Series 2020 Loan - premium	325,739	-	32,437	293,302	-
	7,950,739	-	332,437	7,618,302	315,000
<u>Other:</u>					
Developer Advances:					
Capital:					
Accrued interest	888,517	-	339,000	549,517	-
	888,517	-	339,000	549,517	-
Total	<u>\$ 8,839,256</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 671,437</u>	<u>\$ 8,167,819</u>	<u>\$ 315,000</u>

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

\$8,300,000 Taxable Converting to Tax-Exempt General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2020
On August 13, 2020, the District entered into a Loan Agreement with BBVA Mortgage Corporation for the amount of \$8,300,000 (“Series 2020 Loan”) plus an original issue premium of \$452,350 for the purpose of refunding the District’s Series 2016 Bonds and paying down the balance owed to the Developer for project costs. The Series 2020 Loan matures on December 1, 2040 with interest payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year beginning June 1, 2021. The Series 2020 Loan bears interest at a taxable rate of 3.950% until the date that the loan converts to tax-exempt when the rate changes to 3.170%. The District exercised its option to convert this loan to tax-exempt during 2021.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The Series 2020 Loan is subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole, or, with the consent of the Lender, in part, on any Interest Payment Date, on or after December 1, 2028 upon payment to the Lender of the principal amount and a) accrued interest, b) any Prepayment Fee, and c) the applicable redemption price as set forth in Exhibit D of the Loan Agreement.

The Series 2020 Loan is secured by Pledged Revenues which include the Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Required Mill Levy, any PILOT revenue, and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District.

As a result of the issuance of the Series 2020 Loan, the Series 2016 Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities have been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount by \$444,004. This amount is recorded as a deferred outflow and is being amortized over the life of the Series 2020 Loan. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$1,817,580 due to the lower interest rate on the Series 2020 Loan compared to the interest rate on the Series 2016 Bonds.

Events of Default as defined by the Loan Agreement include a) failure by the District to impose the Required Mill Levy or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the Loan Agreement, b) insufficiency of funds in the Revenue Fund and Surplus Fund to pay the interest and/or principal on the Loan when due, c) failure by the District to perform any material covenants, agreements, duties, or condition required by the Series Loan documents and fails to remedy the default within 30 days of notice by the Lender, d) determination that any representation or warranty made by the District proves to be untrue or incomplete in any material respect, e) the pledge of the Pledged Revenue, the Collateral, or any other security interest fails to be fully enforceable, f) judgement or court order exceeding insurance coverage in excess of \$100,000 is rendered against the District and the District fails to pay or satisfy such judgment for 30 days, g) a change occurs in the financial or operating condition of the District which the Lender judges to have a material adverse impact on the District and its ability to satisfy its obligations, h) the District commences any case, proceeding, or other action relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, relief of debtors or appointment of a receiver, trustee or custodian, i) any financing document related to the Series 2020 Loan or pledge or security interest related to such documents ceases to be valid or enforceable, j) the District shall become involved in proceeding to dissolve, consolidate, or cease to exist, and k) any funds or investments on deposit become subject to writ, judgement, warrant, attachment, execution, or similar process. Remedies are available to the Lender as described in the Loan Agreement, however, except for the application of the interest rate being changed to a Default Rate, no remedy will be available solely because of the failure of the District to pay principal of, or interest on, the Loan when due. Acceleration of the Loan is also not an available remedy for an Event of Default.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

During 2023, the District certified that the Debt to Assessed Ratio of the District had dropped below 50% so the Surplus Fund was no longer required per Section 3.03(a) of the 2020 Loan Agreement. PNC Bank then released the 2020 Loan Surplus funds and transferred the balance into the PNC Bank 2020 Loan Revenue account which is still restricted for debt service purposes. The Surplus Fund was subsequently closed.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2020 Loan:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 315,000	\$ 232,203	\$ 547,203
2026	335,000	222,217	557,217
2027	345,000	211,598	556,598
2028	365,000	200,661	565,661
2029	380,000	189,091	569,091
2030- 2034	2,200,000	751,607	2,951,607
2035 - 2039	2,750,000	370,256	3,120,256
2040	<u>635,000</u>	<u>20,130</u>	<u>655,130</u>
	<u>\$ 7,325,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,197,761</u>	<u>\$ 9,522,761</u>

There are no unused Lines of Credit as of December 31, 2024.

Project Funding and Reimbursement Agreement

The District entered into a Project Funding and Reimbursement Agreement with Parker Homestead Investments, LLC, a Colorado limited liability company (the “Developer”) dated March 23, 2011, with an effective date of March 15, 2011, as amended by the First Amendment to the Project Funding and Reimbursement Agreement dated March 15, 2014, and the Second Amendment to the Project Funding and Reimbursement Agreement dated November 14, 2016, with an effective date of March 15, 2011 (the “Project Agreement”), which provides for certain procedures for the funding of public improvements to be constructed by the Developer and the procedures for the District to acquire such public improvements upon completion.

The Project Agreement was subsequently terminated by a Termination of Project Funding and Reimbursement Agreement between the District and Parker Homestead Investments, LLC on August 6, 2020.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Facilities Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

The District entered into a Facilities Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement with the Developer dated March 19, 2014 (the “FARA”), as amended by the First Amendment to the Facilities Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement (“First Amendment”), dated and effective October 6, 2016, by and between the District and the Developer, pursuant to which the Developer deposited land sale proceeds into an escrow account established pursuant to a purchase and sale agreement with Lennar Colorado, LLC (“Lennar”). The proceeds in the escrow account were advanced by the Developer, to pay costs incurred by Lennar up to a maximum of \$600,000, for the construction of certain street, water, sanitary sewer, drainage and landscape improvements (the “Lennar Improvements”), acquire the Lennar Improvements from Lennar, and then convey the Lennar Improvements to the District. Pursuant to the First Amendment, the parties amended the maximum amount that the District will reimburse the Developer for funds advanced for the Lennar Improvements under the FARA, from \$600,000 up to \$1,788,779.06, together with interest thereon. Under the FARA, simple interest accrues at the rate of 8% per annum until paid.

When the District’s 2015 Audit was prepared, the FARA capped the reimbursable amount to \$600,000, and at that time that the District had no obligation nor sufficient funds to reimburse the \$1,119,081 incurred for construction of the Lennar Improvements. In turn, the \$1,119,081 was characterized as a “Developer Contribution” to acknowledge the full amount advanced by the Developer for these improvements.

Subsequent development of property within the District increased its assessed valuation to the extent that the District did have the financial capacity to reimburse the Developer for the additional costs and the District asked its independent engineer, 2N Civil, to verify District-eligible costs of the Lennar Improvements. By letter dated October 3, 2016, 2N Civil verified costs totaling \$1,719,080.97. The District thus amended the FARA in the First Amendment on October 6, 2016, to increase the amount reimbursable under the FARA to \$1,788,779.06, and this amount was accepted by the Board at its October 13, 2016, meeting.

On August 6, 2020, the agreement was modified by the Second Amendment to Facilities Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement to clarify the intention of the parties regarding the Series 2020 Loan and the outstanding principal and interest outstanding under the FARA moving forward. Modifications included a) use of the proceeds of the Series 2020 Loan to pay a portion of the outstanding principal owed under the FARA as long as the loan is closed and disbursed on or before September 30, 2020, b) use of the proceeds to remit \$300,000 to Developer as partial payment of principal under the FARA, and c) write-off of \$400,000 of interest under this agreement by the Developer and reduction of the interest rate on the remaining principal balance from 8.0% to 4.0%.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

At December 31, 2024, \$0 in principal and \$549,517 in interest is due to the Developer for capital advances under the Project Agreement and the FARA.

Operation Funding Agreements

The District and Developer have entered into Operation Funding Agreements for each of the years 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016 (“Operation Funding Agreements”), pursuant to which the Developer agreed to advance funds to the District for operations and maintenance expenses to the extent that other District revenues are insufficient to pay such expenses. Simple interest will accrue on each Developer advance from the date of deposit into the District’s account at the rate of 8% per annum until paid. The District’s intent is to repay the Developer to the extent it has funds available from the imposition of its taxes, rates, toll, penalties and charges or other legally available revenue, after payment of its annual debt service obligations and annual operations and maintenance expenses. The term of the reimbursement obligation under each Operation Funding Agreement is 30 years, and any principal and accrued interest outstanding at the end of such 30-year period shall be deemed forever discharged and satisfied in full. All of the Operation Funding Agreements have been amended at the Developer’s request to provide for the payment of principal before interest.

As no additional advances will be required by the District, the Operation Funding Agreements were terminated as of August 6, 2020. At December 31, 2023, all amounts due to the Developer under the 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016 Operation Funding Agreements have been repaid.

Debt Authorization

The limit on the District’s ability to issue Debt is set forth in its Service Plan as \$8,300,000 (the “Service Plan Debt Limit”). The District is not authorized to issue Debt in excess of the Service Plan Debt Limit.

At an election held on November 2, 2010 (the Election), a majority of the eligible electors of the District who voted in the Election authorized indebtedness of \$8,300,000 (which is the Service Plan Debt Limit) in each of four public improvement categories (streets; water; sanitation; and parks and recreation); plus \$1,000,000 in operation and maintenance debt; \$16,600,000 in refunding debt; and \$8,300,000 in intergovernmental agreements as debt. At the time of the Election, the actual costs of construction were not known. Without knowing the costs of construction, it was not possible to allocate the Service Plan Debt Limit by power. Therefore, in the Election, the Service Plan Debt Limit was voted in the four powers set forth above (streets; water; sanitation; and parks and recreation).

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

As of December 31, 2024, and following the issuance of the District’s Series 2014 Loan, Series 2016 Refunding Bonds, and Series 2020 Refunding Loan, the District does not have any remaining Service Plan Debt Limit for public improvements, and has remaining voted debt authorization of \$1,000,000 in operation and maintenance debt; \$3,763,476 in refunding debt; and \$8,300,000 in intergovernmental agreements as debt.

Per the District’s Service Plan, for any portion of the District’s outstanding debt which exceeds 50% of the District’s assessed valuation, the maximum debt service mill levy for such portion of debt shall not exceed 35.000 mills (as adjusted for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally or statutorily mandated tax credit, cut or abatement, per Town Resolution No. 22-065, Series of 2022, A Resolution Approving Adjustment of Mill Levies Resulting From Legislative or Constitutionally Mandated Reductions, which was approved by Town Council on November 21, 2022).

In 2024, the District’s outstanding debt was \$7,625,000, and its assessed valuation was \$19,912,180. Thus, for 2024, the debt to assessed valuation ratio was 38%, and the mill levy necessary to pay the District’s debt service was without limitation of rate (although the District’s general fund mill levy for administrative expenses remains subject to the 35.000 mills maximum mill levy, as adjusted). In 2024, the District imposed 17.925 mills in the debt service fund; 32.802 mills in the general fund, less a temporary reduction of 13.462 mills, for a total of 19.340 mills in the general fund; and a total combined mill levy of 37.265 mills (17.925 + 19.340 = 37.265).

As of December 31, 2024, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

Authorization Used and Remaining from 2010 Election					
Purpose	Principal Amount Voted	Principal Amount Used by 2014 Loan Agreement	Principal Amount Used by Series 2016 Bonds	Principal Amount Used by Series 2020 Loan	Principal Amount Remaining
Water	\$ 8,300,000	\$ (1,367,123)	\$ (818,651)	\$ (64,472)	\$ 6,049,754
Sanitation	8,300,000	(810,147)	(927,139)	(73,016)	6,489,698
Streets	8,300,000	(2,481,076)	(796,436)	(62,723)	4,959,765
Park and Recreation	8,300,000	(405,074)	(1,160,404)	(91,387)	6,643,135
Operations	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Refunding	16,600,000	-	(4,597,370)	(8,239,154)	3,763,476
IGA Debt	8,300,000	-	-	-	8,300,000
TOTAL	\$ 59,100,000	\$ (5,063,420)	\$ (8,300,000)	\$ (8,530,752)	\$ 37,205,828

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 4: Related Party

All of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board.

Note 5: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights (“TABOR”), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year’s Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District’s management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 2, 2010, a majority of the District’s electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 6: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 7: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position includes an adjustments column. The adjustments can have the following elements:

- 1) Long-term liabilities such as loans, developer advances payable and accrued developer advance interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities includes an adjustments column. The adjustments can have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities;
- 2) governmental funds report developer advances and loan proceeds as revenue; and,
- 3) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PARKER HOMESTEAD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original & Final		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 356,926	\$ 356,926	\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	17,846	26,735	8,889
Interest income	15,000	16,121	1,121
Total Revenues	389,772	399,782	10,010
EXPENDITURES			
Treasurer's fees	5,353	5,424	(71)
Loan principal	300,000	300,000	-
Interest expense	241,713	241,713	-
Miscellaneous expenses	300	25	275
Contingency	5,000	-	5,000
Total Expenditures	552,366	547,162	5,204
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(162,594)	(147,380)	15,214
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	202,891	217,512	14,621
END OF YEAR	\$ 40,297	\$ 70,132	\$ 29,835

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.